Addendum of Proposed Changes to Publication Draft of the Minerals and Waste Joint Plan

Key

Example: New Text
Example: Deleted Text

Example: Text in bold is Policy wording

Part A - Proposed changes initiated by the LPAs

PC	Page	Policy Ref/Paragraph	Change proposed	Reason
No.	Number	Number/Reference		
		point		
PC01	2,3	Sub-heading 'About this	Delete sub-heading About this Document and all subsequent text on pages	To reflect the closure of the
		Document'	2 and 3.	publication phase of the Plan
PC02	25	Para. 2.54 16 th line	were publis <u>ih</u> ed by	To correct a typographical error
PC03	78	Para. 5.108 2 nd line	Please note that the references to 'DECC' in Figure 13 should now be read	To correct a typographical error
			as references to DBEIS as its successor	
PC04	84	Policy M16 d) i) 3 rd line	the policies map or is are otherwise considered	To correct a typographical error
PC05	86	Para. 5.121 5 th sentence	reference to their special qualities can be found in the relevant	To correct a typographical error
			mManagement Plan for the area.	
PC06	87	Para. 5.125 5 th Sentence	This includes the need to take account of any Impact Risk Zones identified	To correct a typographical error
			by Natural England for SACs, SPAs, Ramsar sites and SSSSIs, via the	
			requirements	
PC07	102	Potash, Polyhalite and Salt	Replace section heading Potash, Polyhalite and Salt with Potash and Salt	For consistency with proposed
		Section		modifications to paras. 5.171 and
				5.172
PC08	102	Para 5.171	Replace current para. 5.171	To clarify terminology relevant to
			" There are various forms of potassium bearing minerals which can be	potash and salt mineral resources
			mined for potash including sylvinite, polyhalite and carnalite. Potash is	
			mainly used as a fertiliser. Rock salt may occur in association with	

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			potash and is commonly used for de-icing roads. Both potash and salt	
			occur at substantial depths below the eastern part of the plan area,	
			where existing extraction takes place. Identified resources lie mainly	
			beneath the North York Moors National Park."	
			with:	
			Potash is the generic term for potassium bearing minerals and has an	
			important economic value for fertiliser. Within the Plan area it takes the	
			form of sylvinite, which can be processed to create 'muriate of potash',	
			and polyhalite, which although lower in terms of potassium content, also	
			includes other important plant nutrients, particularly sulphur. Rock salt	
			may occur in association with potash and is commonly used for de-icing	
			roads. Both potash and salt occur at substantial depths below the eastern	
			part of the Plan area, where existing extraction takes place. Identified	
			resources lie mainly beneath the North York Moors National Park.	
PC09	102	Policy M22 1 st para. 1 st	Revise first line: Proposals for the extraction of potash, and salt or	To clarify terminology relevant to
		line	polyhalite from new sites	potash and salt mineral resources
PC10	102	Policy M22 2 nd para. 2 nd	Revise second line: Proposals for new surface development and	To clarify terminology relevant to
		line	infrastructure associated with the existing permitted potash, polyhalite	potash and salt mineral resources
			and salt mine sites in the National Park,	
PC11	103	Para 5.172	Replace current para. 5.172	To clarify terminology relevant to
. 5			Potash is identified as a mineral of local and national importance in the	potash and salt mineral resources
			NPPF, which requires policies to be included for its extraction. There is	potasii ana sait iiiiiterai resoarees
			however no requirement within national policy to maintain a certain level	
			of potash reserves. Potentially viable and accessible resources of potash	
			are understood to lie mainly beneath the North York Moors National Park.	
			Where proposals for new potash (including polyhalite) mining activities are	
			located within the National Park they will need to be considered in	
			accordance with the requirements of the major development test (Policy	
			D04). This includes extensions to the operating period or renewal	
			applications for the existing mine sites at Boulby and Doves Nest Farm.	
			For these reasons it is not considered appropriate to allocate proposed	
			sites in the Joint Plan but to consider any new proposals against the policy	
			, , , , , ,	
			requirements set out above.	

			with:	
			In planning terms, the differentiation between the two forms of potash is	
			important, in relation to the policy requirements of the major	
			development test relating to need assessment. There is an existing	
			national requirement for the sylvinite form of potash, whereas polyhalite	
			is new to the global fertiliser market and is not yet an established product.	
			Planning permission for Boulby Mine allows for the extraction of 'potash',	
			covering both sylvinite and polyhalite (and also rock salt), whereas the	
			2015 permission for Sirius Minerals at Doves Nest is restricted to	
			polyhalite only. Another important distinction is the fact that sylvinite	
			requires processing and therefore has significant additional infrastructure	
			requirements, whereas when polyhalite is mined the entire ore is used	
			with only the need for granulation. In Policy M22, the term 'potash' means	
			all forms of the mineral unless where otherwise explicitly stated.	
PC12	115	Policy W02 4)	where they would be in line with the requirements of Policies Policies	To correct a typographical error
			W10 and W11.	
PC13	121	Policy W03 2)	with the site locational and identification principles in Policies Policies	To correct a typographical error
			W10 and W11 will be permitted.	
PC14	135	Para. 6.94 last sentence	under Policies W10 and W11 and other relevant policies policies in the	To correct a typographical error
			Joint Plan as appropriate.	
PC15	145	Para. 7.12 3 rd Sentence	constitute permitted development under the Town and Country	To update sentence to refer to
			Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) 2015 Order 1995 (as	the current legislation
			amended) .	
PC16	146	Policy I02 2)	In addition, within the City of York area, development of ancillary	To clarify the meaning of the
			minerals infrastructure will also only be permitted provided the	policy.
			following criteria are met:	
PC17	149	Policy S01	Potash and (including polyhalite) resources within the Boulby Mine	To clarify the status of the
		1 st paragraph of Part 2)	licensed permitted area	relevant area
PC18	151	Para. 8.17	Revise 3 rd sentence:	To clarify the status of the
		6 th line	However, it would be appropriate to safeguard reserves and resources	relevant area
			within the area licensed for extraction from that part of the Boulby Mine	
			permission area indicated on the Policies Map (the only active potash	

D040	155	a ac ard r	mine in the Plan area), along with those resources forming part of the York Potash project that have been identified with a higher degree of confidence (i.e. the indicated and inferred resources). This will	
PC19 PC20	155 166	Para. 8.30 3 rd line Policy D04 Final sentence of final paragraph of Part 1)	due, for example, to noise, dust_odour or Revise final sentence of final paragraph of Part 1): Appropriate and practicable compensation will be required for any avoidable unavoidable effects which cannot be mitigated.	To correct a typographical error To correct a typographical error
PC21	175	Para. 9.53 5 th line	Revise sentence:the development of enhanced ecological networks to improve reliance resilience and help to	To correct a typographical error
PC22	178	Para. 9.63	Add a return at end of paragraph to distinguish from para. 9.64	To improve presentation of the document
PC23	188	Key links to other relevant policies and objectives	Strategic Policies in Chapter 5, 6 and 7 and Policies D07, D09, D10, D13	To correct a typographical error
PC24	194	Text following Para. 10.1	Delete: Note: when providing a response relating to a specific site please ensure the site reference number is included with the relevant comments.	To reflect the closure of the publication phase of the Plan
PC25	30, 45, 82, 85 and 89 of Appendix 1	Reasons for allocating site	supply of aggregates (Policy M01) and the provision of crushed road rock (Policies M05 and M06) and could contribute to	To correct a typographical error on these 5 pages
PC26	137 and 144 of Appendix 1	'Submitted by' row	Revise: Stephenson & Son (on behalf of Mr W R Smith E Wilkin)	To correct a factual error on these 2 pages
PC27	159 of Appendix 2	Safeguarded Waste Site Contents list	Insert new safeguarded waste transfer (non-hazardous) site into table: Showfield Lane, Malton Revise waste facility type description for Knapton Quarry to: Composting, transfer, treatment and recycling	Consequential change arising from response to consultation
PC28	159 of	Waste Site Name column	Revise	To correct typographical errors

	Appendix 2	at start of Appendix 2	Unit 8, Marsden Marston Business Park Genta Environmental, Marsden Marston Business Park Tofts Road, Kirkby Kirby Misperton Dalkia Bio Energy Ltd Stobart Group Burnistion Burniston Caucklands Caulklands/Thornton-le-Dale	and an operator name change
PC29	169 of Appendix 2	Site Name on Plan	Unit 8 Marsdon Moor Marston Business Park, Tockwith	To correct a typographical error
PC30	170 of Appendix 2	Site Name on Plan	Genta Environmental, Marsdon Moor Marston Business Park, Tockwith	To correct a typographical error
PC31	182 of Appendix 2	Page 182	Delete page 182 and re-number following pages	To remove a duplicate of the plan already shown on page 181
PC32	198 of Appendix 2	Site Name on Plan	Stonefall, Weatherby Wetherby Road, Harrogate	To correct a typographical error
PC33	201 of Appendix 2	Boundary of safeguarded site for Skipton HWRC	Revise boundary to reflect allocated area WJP17	For consistency
PC34	209 of Appendix 2	In Site Name column	Dalkia waste siteStobart Group	To update an operator name change
PC35	226 of Appendix 2	Site name on Plan	Whirtby Whitby Port	To correct a typographical error
PC36	227 of	Site name on Plan	Queens Stairhes Staithe	To correct a typographical error

	Appendix 2			
PC37	229 of Appendix 2	In Site Name column	Outgang Lane, Oswaldkirk Osbaldwick Ricall Riccall Airfield	To correct typographical errors
PC38	249 of Appendix 2	Site name on Plan	Outgang Lane, Oswaldkirk Osbaldwick	To correct a typographical error
PC39	257 of Appendix 2	Site name on Plan	Ricall Riccall Airfield	To correct a typographical error
PC40	264 of Appendix 3	Indicator 5 'Action Required if Trigger Point hit' column:	Review of provision of crushed rock site allocations if i8f necessary	To correct a typographical error
PC41	Policies Map	Мар	Include Areas of Search polygons on the policies map	To correct an omission
PC42	Policies Map	Мар Кеу	Revise references in Key to potash or polyhalite in the supporting justification to potash and salt	For consistency with the text of the Plan

Part B - Proposed changes in response to representations

PM No.	Page	Policy Ref/Paragraph	Change proposed	Reason
	Number	Number/Reference		
		point		
PC43	18	Para. 2.26 2 rd line	Revise para:	To reflect consistence with
FC43	10	Fala. 2.20 2 IIIIe	The NPPF also places emphasis upon conserving important landscape	national policy
			and heritage assets by requiring that landbanks of non-energy minerals	
			are, as far as is practical, provided outside National Parks, AONBs	
PC44	18	Para. 2.26 4 th sentence	Revise para:	To clarify the national policy
FC44	10	raia. 2.204 Sentence	The NPPF advises that in considering planning applications substantial	context relating to Green Belt.
			weight should be given to any harm to the Green Belt but inappropriate	context relating to dreen beit.
			development is by definition harmful to the Green Belt and should not	
			be approved except in very special circumstances. It also advises that	
			minerals extraction is not considered to be inappropriate development	
			within the Green Belt, provided the development it preserves openness	
			and would not conflict with the purposes of including land within it.	
			Harm to assets, including landscape and heritage assets, relevant to the	
		,	purpose of Green Belt designation equate to harm to the purposes of	
			Green Belt designation. Green Belt policy This is addressed further	
PC45	25	Para. 2.54 16 th line	Revise para:	To correct a factual error
			Plan period. Marine Plans for the East Inshore and East Offshore areas,	
			covering the area south of Flamborough Head, were published by DEFRA	
			the Marine Management Organisation in April 2014. These recognise	
PC46	25	Para. 2.54	Add new sentence at end of Para. 2.54: For the area north of	To clarify the status of marine
			Flamborough Head, and pending finalisation of a North East Marine Plan,	planning in the area
			reference should be made to the national Marine Policy Statement,	
			which also highlights the importance of marine aggregates in supplying	
			the construction industry.	
PC47	29	Para. 2.68 last sentence	Revise last sentence of para. 2.68: These imports, other than clear glass	To clarify the specific position
			grade silica sand, are thought to relate	relating to silica sand
PC48	33	Para. 2.88 2 nd bullet point	Revise 2 nd bullet point: Cross boundary supply issues relating to silica	To more closely align the text

			sand, which is a mineral of national significance importance.	with national policy
PC49	46	Para. 4.11 3 rd bullet point,	Add additional text to end of 3 rd bullet point, part c): in the Plan area	To further clarify where review
		part c)	or other significant regulatory changes relevant to the development of	may be required
			local planning policy	
PC50	55	Policy M06 1 st para.	A minimum overall landbank of 10 years will be maintained for crushed	To clarify the proposed approach
			rock throughout the plan period. A separate minimum 10 year	
			landbank will be identified and maintained for Magnesian Limestone	
			crushed rock throughout the plan period.	
PC51	64	Para. 5.55 15 th line	East Coast Inshore and Offshore Marine Plans (DEFRA MMO 2014)	To correct a factual error
			should help	
PC52	68	Para. 5.68 4 th sentence	Revise 4 th sentence: Neither of Sites within the other two MPAs in	To more closely align the text
			England with reserves of silica sand currently has do not have a 10 year	with national policy
			<u>landbank</u> as required by the NPPF national policy, although both are	
PC53	68	Para. 5.72	Replace existing para. 5.72	To reflect the evolving situation
			A further relevant consideration in respect of Blubberhouses Quarry is	in relation to proposals for
			that the Local Transport Plan for North Yorkshire has identified the need	realignment of the A59 near
			to realign the A59 road at Kex Gill, near Blubberhouses Quarry, to avoid	Blubberhouses
			recurring issues of land instability. A definitive proposed realignment is	
			not yet available and there is no safeguarded route. However, there is	
			potential for this project to overlap with the Blubberhouses quarry site.	
			In this scenario there would be a need to ensure that the potential for	
			conflict between the road alignment and the quarry is reflected in the	
			design of both schemes and the potential for any cumulative impacts	
			taken into account where necsaary.	
			with:	
			A further relevant consideration is recovered of Dlubb orbourses Quarry is	
			A further relevant consideration in respect of Blubberhouses Quarry is	
			that the County Council (within its Local Transport Plan 4: strategy and	
			strategic transport prospectus) and the York and North Yorkshire & East	
			Riding Local Enterprise Partnerships (within its strategic economic plan)	
			have identified the need to realign the A59 road at Kex Gill, near	
			Blubberhouses quarry, as a key strategic priority. The existing alignment	

				1
			of the A59 in the Kex Gill area is subject to poor land stability issues,	
			resulting in several road closures taking place on this regionally	
			important strategic trans Pennine route over the past 15 years.	
			A definitive proposed realignment is not yet available and there is no	
			safeguarded route. Work is currently on going identifying options,	
			however there is potential for this project to overlap with the	
			Blubberhouses quarry site. In this scenario there would be a need to	
			ensure that the potential for conflict between road realignment and the	
			quarry is reflected in design of both schemes and the potential for any	
			cumulative impact taken into account where necessary.	
PC54	75	Para. 5.93 2 nd sentence	Revise 2 nd sentence: This is a highly relevant issue for the Plan area	To reflect the fact that PEDL
			following the announcement by Government in late 2015 of new oil and	licenses are now awarded by the
			gas exploration and development licences	Oil and Gas Authority
PC55	75	Para. 5.94 1 st sentence	Revise 1 st sentence: The Government Oil and Gas Authority awards PEDLs	To reflect the fact that PEDL
				licenses are now awarded by the
				Oil and Gas Authority
PC56	78	Para. 5.107 1 st bullet	Revise last sentence of 1 st bullet point: For unconventional hydrocarbons,	To clarify that it is aspects of
			exploratory drilling activity may take considerably longer, especially	unconventional gas development
				other than drilling which may
				mean that development activity
				takes place over longer periods
PC57	78	Para. 5.107 3 rd bullet	Revise last sentence of 3 rd bullet point: The production stage may involve	To clarify the expected nature of
			re-fracturing of existing wells and is likely to require the periodic	development at production stage
			maintenance of wells, which may require use of drilling equipment.	
PC58	80	Para. 5111	Add new text at end of para. 5.111:	To provide further clarification of
			appropriately located. Hydrocarbon development typically involves	the expected nature of
			temporary and intermittent activity particularly during the early stages of	development that could come
			development. Depending on the nature of the development, it is likely	forward
			that there will generally be a lesser degree of activity during any	
			production phase.	
PC59	81	Para. 5.112	Add new text after end of 5 th sentence:	To clarify the important
			health and safety. The Environment Agency has an important	regulatory role of the
			regulatory role in relation to the management of returned water and	Environment Agency in this
	1		<u> </u>	0 /

			Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials (NORM). In accordance with	matter
PC60	81	Para. 5.116 2 nd line	Replace reference to DBEIS in 2 nd line with Oil and Gas Authority	To correct a factual inaccuracy
PC61	83	Para. 5.118	Revise para. 5.118: Planning guidance and case law makes clear that	To more closely align the text
			Minerals Planning Authorities do not need to carry out their own	with national policy and guidance
			assessments of potential impacts which are controlled by other	
			regulatory bodies. focus on the control of processes or emissions	
			themselves where these are subject to approval under pollution control	
			<u>regimes.</u> It states that they can determine planning applications having	
			considered the advice of those the relevant regulatory bodies without	
			having to wait for other approval processes to be concluded.	
PC62	83	Para. 5.119	Revise para. 5.119 d): 'Conventional hydrocarbons' include oil and gas	To clarify the distinctions
			found within geological 'reservoirs' with relatively high	between development activity
			porosity/permeability , extracted using conventional drilling and	associated with conventional and
			production techniques .	unconventional resources
			Revise para. 5.119 e): 'Unconventional hydrocarbons' include	
			hydrocarbons such as coal bed and coal mine methane and shale gas,	
			extracted using unconventional techniques, including hydraulic fracturing	
			in the case of shale gas, as well as the exploitation of in-situ coal seams	
			through underground coal gasification.	
			Revise para. 5.119 g): In planning terms it is <u>considered that relevant</u>	
			distinctions can be drawn between the specific nature and/or scale of	
			activities associated with certain stages of development for conventional	
			hydrocarbons and those used for unconventional hydrocarbons. These	
			differences may include the potential requirement for a larger number of	
			well pads and individual wells, the volume and pressures of fluids used	
			for any hydraulic fracturing processes and the specific requirements for	
			any related plant and equipment and the management of related wastes.	
			important to distinguish between:	
			i) The use of unconventional techniques to extract hydrocarbons	
			such as hydraulic fracturing, underground gasification and coal	
			bed methane extraction; and	
			The use of more conventional, less complex drilling and production	
			techniques to extract hydrocarbons	

PC63	86	Para. 5.122	ii) Revise para. 5.122: While the Infrastructure Act 2015 and	To more accurately reflect the
		1 414. 3.122	secondary legislation address hydraulic fracturing which occurs	current regulatory position
			underground, the Government has also consulted on introduced	relating to the Government's
			further restrictions, in the form of a prohibition on high-volume	Surface Protections for hydraulic
			hydraulic fracturing operations from taking place being carried out	fracturing
			from new or existing wells that are drilled at the surface in	Hactaring
			specified protected areas, although they are not yet in force. As	
			proposed The restrictions -would will principally affect apply to	
			surface development for unconventional hydrocarbons involving	
			high volume hydraulic fracturing that is used for the carrying out	
			of "associated hydraulic fracturing" the definition of which is	
			contained in section 4B(1) of the Petroleum Act 1998. The	
			Government has stated that, in addition, these restrictions will	
			apply where an operator is required to get consent from the	
			Secretary of State for hydraulic fracturing that is not "associated	
			hydraulic fracturing", and that the Secretary of State intends to	
			require that such consent be obtained for operations which use	
			more than 1,000 cubic metres of fluid at any single stage, or	
			expected stage, unless an operator can persuasively demonstrate	
			why requiring such consent would not be appropriate in their	
			case. The areas proposed for protection protected through this	
			means are National Parks, AONBs, World Heritage Sites,	
			Groundwater Source Protection Zone 1, SSSIs, Natura 2000 sites	
			(SPAs and SACs) and Ramsar sites. Although these areas all benefit	
			from strong national policy protection in their own right, the	
			proposed restrictions would do not, in themselves, constitute	
			planning policy as they would will be implemented though the oil	
			and gas licensing regime.	
PC64	86	Para. 5.123 3 rd sentence	Furthermore, whilst the proposed surface restrictions would will provide	To more accurately reflect the
		Tara. 3.123 3 Schieffee	Tatalettione, willist the proposed surface restrictions would will provide	current regulatory position
				relating to the Government's
				Surface Protections for hydraulic
				fracturing
				Hactaring

PC65	86	Para. 5.124 1 st sentence	An additional consideration is that the new Regulations and proposed surface protections restrictions would will only apply to	To more accurately reflect the current regulatory position relating to the Government's Surface Protections for hydraulic fracturing
PC66	86	Para. 5.124	Revise last sentence of para. 5.124 and add new text at end: Similarly, it is considered that where hydraulic fracturing is proposed for the purposes of supporting the production of conventional gas resources, there is potential for this to give rise to a generally similar range of issues and potential impacts, although it is acknowledged that fracturing for stimulation of conventional gas production would be likely to involve generally lower volumes and/or pressures. In these circumstances it is therefore appropriate that such development is subject to the same policy approach. However, it is not the intention of the Mineral Planning Authorities to unreasonably restrict activity typically associated with production of conventional resources, which is a well-established industry in the Plan area and they will therefore apply the policy accordingly and reasonably based on the specific circumstances of the proposal under considerationthis should be subject to the same policy approach that is applied to hydraulic fracturing for unconventional gas, as the range of issues and potential impacts are likely to be similar.	To clarify the intended approach and ensure appropriate flexibility in the Plan
PC67	87	Para. 5.127 15 th line	Revise 7 th sentence: Such equipment may only be present on site for relatively short periods, or potentially a number of months, or intermittently over a period of years at established well pads where successive wells are drilled or refracturing of existing wells takes place.	To reflect the potential position
PC68	88	Para. 5.130	Add new text at end of para. 5.130: In some parts of the Plan area affected by PEDLs, areas of locally important landscapes have been identified in District and Borough local plans. Where these continue to form part of the statutory development plan, and are relevant to a proposal which falls to be determined by North Yorkshire County Council as Minerals and Waste Planning Authority, regard will be had to the requirements of any associated local plan policy.	To reflect the presence of other potentially relevant designations in district local plans and to ensure that appropriate links are made
PC69	88	Footnote 16	Revise text of footnote 16: For the purposes of interpreting this and	To further clarify the intended

			other Policies in the Pelan, the term 'local communities' includes	approach
			residential areas as well as residential institutions such as	
PC70	89	Policy M17 2) ii) a)	Revise text: The proximity of a proposed new well pad site to other	To clarify the proposed approach
			existing, planned permitted or unrestored well pads,	
PC71	91	Para. 5.131 9 th line	Insert new sentence after ' movements.': Vehicle movements also	To reflect the potential for
			have the potential to impact on air quality, particularly in locations	vehicle movements to impact on
			where Air Quality Management Areas have been identified and this will	air quality
			also be a relevant consideration in identifying suitable traffic routes, via a	
			<u>Transport Assessment.</u> It is therefore	
PC72	92	Para 5.137	Revise 1 st sentence and add new sentence between 1 st and 2 nd	To clarify the approach to
			sentences: To give an indication at this stage, however, it is considered	preventing unacceptable
			unlikely that proposals which would lead to a total development density,	cumulative impact
			including operational and restored sites, of more than 10 well pads per	
			100km ² PEDL area (pro-rata for PEDLs of less than 100km²) would be	
			compatible with the purpose of this element of the policy. Where an	
			area being developed by an operator comprises a PEDL or licence block	
			area of less, or more, than 100km ² the density guideline will be applied	
			pro-rata.	
PC73	92	Para 5.137 7 th line	Revise 2 nd sentence: For PEDLs located in the Green Belt or where a	To clarify the approach to
			relatively high concentration of other land use constraints exist, including	preventing unacceptable
			significant access constraints, a lower density and/or number may be	cumulative impact
			appropriate.	
PC74	93	Para. 5.143	Revise 1 st sentence: Whilst oil and gas hydrocarbon development has the	For consistency
			potential	
PC75	94	Para. 5.147	Revise text to state: In considering appropriate noise limits at sensitive	To improve consistency with
			receptors, operators will as a minimum be expected to meet the	national policy and guidance
			suggested required limits set out in the NPPF and national Planning	
			Practice Guidance, with the objective of ensuring a high standard of	
			protection for local amenity. Site lighting	
PC76	94	Para. 5.148 3 rd sentence	Although evidence suggests that any earth tremors that could be	To more accurately reflect the
			induced are likely to be of very low magnitude, it it will be important to	available evidence
			ensure that development which could give rise to induced seismicity is	
			located in areas of suitable geology.	

PC77	94	Para. 5.149	Revise 1 st sentence: The potential for emissions to water or air is also a	To clarify that these issues may
PC//	94	Para. 5.149	key issue, particularly for proposals involving hydraulic fracturing	also be relevant to other forms of
D.C.7.0	0.5	D. v. 5 454	hydrocarbon development.	hydrocarbon development
PC78	95	Para. 5.151	Replace reference in 2 nd sentence to DBEIS with <u>Oil and Gas Authority</u>	To correct a factual inaccuracy
PC79	96	Policy M18 2) i)	Revise text of 2) part i): Following completion of the operational phase	To more accurately reflect the
			of development, or where wells are to be suspended pending further	relevant regulatory requirements
			hydrocarbon development, any wells will be decommissioned so as to	relating to decommissioning of
			prevent the risk of any contamination of ground and surface waters	wells
			and emissions to air; and	
PC80	96	Para. 5.153	Revise 1 st sentence: A significant issue with hydrocarbon development,	To clarify that water arising on
			particularly development involving hydraulic fracturing, is the need to	site may not always constitute
			manage the various forms of waste water that may be returned to the	waste
			surface via a borehole.	
			Revise 4 th sentence: Water constituting waste and requiring	
			management as waste Such waste can arise in substantial volumes and	
			may contain Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials (NORM) and	
			other contaminants.	
PC81	97	Para. 5.156 16 th line	Revise text: potentially leading to very small scale induced seismic	To clarify the position
			activity (earth tremors). Proposals for this	
PC82	102	Policy M22 2 nd para.	Add new sentence at end of 2 nd paragraph: the development.	To clarify the proposed policy
			Proposals for new surface development and infrastructure which are	approach in relation to proposals
			considered to represent major development will be assessed against	which are considered to
			the criteria for major development set out in Policy D04.	represent major development
PC83	140	Policy W11 parts 1), 2), 3)	Revise text of part 1) to:	To improve consistency of the
		and 5)	1) Siting facilities for the preparation for the re-use, recycling, transfer	policy with Policy W10
			and treatment of waste (excluding energy recovery or open	
			composting) on previously developed land, industrial and	
			employment land, or at or adjacent to existing waste management	
			sites	
			3.000	
			Make equivalent changes to parts 2), 3) and 5)	
PC84	154	Policy S03 key links to	Add reference in key links: W10	To clarify this important link
F C04	134	Fully 303 key liliks to	Add reference in key links. WID	TO Clarity this important lifts

acknowledged that in some cases, including at the former mine sites in the Plan area, there are other extant proposals for redevelopment which are matters for determination by the relevant local planning authority and that such proposals could overlap with land proposed for safeguarding in the Joint Plan. In these circumstances the Minerals and Waste Planning Authority will seek to work constructively with the relevant local planning authority and developers to ensure that a proportionate approach to implementing safeguarding of minerals and waste infrastructure requirements is taken. PC86	mphasise the need for a gmatic approach to lementing safeguarding sirements
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to prevent other such beneficial uses from taking place but to ensure	
that their potential significance in providing opportunities for modal shift	
in transport of minerals and waste is taken into account in other	
development decisions. In these circumstances the Minerals and Waste	
Planning Authority will seek to work constructively with the relevant	
<u>local planning authority and developers to ensure that a proportionate</u>	
approach to implementing safeguarding of minerals and waste	
infrastructure requirements is taken.	
PC87 156 Para. 8.34 Add new sentence at end of Para. 8.34: The East Coast marine Plan To em	mphasise the linkage
(Policy PS3) supports the protection and expansion of port and harbour between	veen marine and terrestrial
capacity. plannii	ning
	eflect the fact that minerals
	waste transport
	structure is also safeguarded
safeguarding requirements in the	
	_
including cumulative impacts, such as on local amenity and in some cases vehicle	_

			on the landscape and tranquillity. Air quality can also be adversely	air quality
			affected, particularly in locations where Air Quality Management Areas	
			have been identified and other development management policies in the	
			Joint Plan will therefore be relevant in some circumstances.	
PC90	165	Para. 9.21	Add new text after the end of para. 9.21: The primary purpose of AONB	To further clarify the purposes of
			designation is to conserve and enhance natural beauty. In pursuing the	AONB designation
			primary purpose of designation, account should be taken of the needs of	
			agriculture, forestry and other rural industries and of the economic and	
			social needs of communities. Particular regard should be paid to	
			promoting sustainable forms of social and economic development that in	
			themselves conserve and enhance the environment. Recreation is not an	
			objective of designation, but the demand for recreation should be met so	
			far as this is consistent with the conservation of natural beauty and the	
			needs of agriculture, forestry and other uses.	
PC91	171	Para. 9.42	Add new sentence at end of Para. 9.42: In some parts of the Plan area,	To reflect the presence of other
			areas of locally important landscapes have been identified in other local	potentially relevant designations
			plans. Where these continue to form part of the statutory development	in district local plans and to
			plan, and are relevant to a proposal which falls to be determined by the	ensure that appropriate links are
			relevant minerals and waste planning authority, regard will be had to the	made.
			requirements of any associated local plan policy.	
PC92	167	Policy D05 part 1)	Proposals for minerals and waste development within the York and	To more closely reflect the
			West Yorkshire Green Belts will be supported where it would be	requirements of national policy
			consistent with the purposes of Green Belt identified in national policy	
			including preserve the openness of the Green Belt and, where the	
			development would be located within the York Green Belt, would	
			preserve the historic character and setting of York.	
PC93	168	Policy D05 part 2) 2 nd	Substantial weight will be given to any harm to the Green Belt and	To more closely reflect the
		paragraph	inappropriate waste development in the Green Belt will only be	requirements of national policy
			permitted in very special circumstances , which must <u>will need to</u> be	
			demonstrated by the applicant in which the harm by reason of	
			inappropriateness, or any other harm, is clearly outweighed by other	
			considerations. order to outweigh harm caused by inappropriateness,	
			or any other harm.	

PC94	179	Policy D09 3) 2 nd sentence	Revise 2 nd sentence to read: Development which would lead to an	To correct a typographical error
			unacceptable risk of, or be at an unacceptable risk from, all sources of	
			flooding (i.e. surface and groundwater flooding and groundwater	
			flooding from rivers and coastal waters) will not be permitted.	
PC95	183	Policy D10 1) i)	Replace existing text of D10 1) i) with: Applicants are encouraged to	To more closely reflect the
			discuss proposals at an early stage with local communities and other	requirements of national policy
			relevant stakeholders and where practicable reflect the outcome of	
			those discussions in submitted schemes.	
PC96	184	Policy D10 Part 2) viii)	Revise to read: Promoting the delivery of Achieving significant net gains	To clarify the proposed approach
			for biodiversity and the establishment of a which help create coherent	and reflect the diminishing
			and resilient ecological networks, based on contributing. Where	significance of biodiversity action
			practicable, towards established objectives including the creation of	plans
			Biodiversity Action Plan habitats proposals should contribute	
			significantly to the creation of habitats of particular importance in the	
			<u>local landscape</u> and seeking to delivering benefits at a landscape scale.	
			This includes wet grasslands and fen in the Swale and Ure valleys and	
			species-rich grassland on the Magnesian limestone ridge.	
PC97	190	Policy D12 2 nd paragraph,	Revise 2 nd sentence: Development which would disturb or damage soils	To provide further flexibility in
		2 nd sentence	of high environmental value, such as intact peat or other soil	the policy recognising that all
			contributing to ecological connectivity or carbon storage, will not be	soils could make some
			permitted.	contribution to ecological
				connectivity or carbon storage.
PC98	17 of	MJP06 Development	Insert new bullet point: Applications should be supported by a	To adequately reflect the
	Appendix	requirements criteria	comprehensive archaeological assessment	significance of heritage assets at
	1			this site
PC99	21 of	MJP07 Development	Insert new bullet point: Applications should be supported by a	To adequately reflect the
	Appendix	requirements criteria	comprehensive archaeological assessment	significance of heritage assets at
	1			this site
			Revise final bullet point: An appropriate restoration scheme using	
			opportunities for habitat creation and reconnecting the henges to their	
			landscape setting, but which is also appropriate to location within a	
			birdstrike safeguarding zone	

PC100	25 of	MJP33 Development requirements criteria	Revise 5 th bullet point: Appropriate site design to ensure protection of the aquifer and the River Swale which lies immediately adjacent to the	To reflect the proximity of the site to the River Swale
	Appendix 1	requirements criteria	site	Site to the River Swale
PC101	34 of	MJP21 Development	Revise last bullet point: An appropriate restoration scheme using	To recognise the opportunities
	Appendix 1	requirements criteria	opportunities for habitat creation and connectivity, but which is also appropriate to location within a birdstrike safeguarding zone	arising at this site
PC102	35 of Appendix 1	MJP21 Site Plan	Revise site boundary of allocation MJP21 to exclude land nearest to the Killerby Hall Stable Block listed building	To reduce the harm to the setting of the listed building
PC103	37 of Appendix 1	MJP17 Development requirements criteria	Revise last bullet point: An appropriate restoration scheme using opportunities for habitat creation and connectivity, but which is also appropriate to location within a birdstrike safeguarding zone	To recognise the opportunities arising at this site
PC104	39 of Appendix 1	MJP17 Site Plan	Revise site boundary of allocation MJP17 to exclude land nearest to Rudd Hall and Ghyll Hall listed buildings	To reduce the harm to elements which contribute to the significance of the listed buildings
PC105	70 of Appendix	WJP15 Development requirements criteria	Revise last bullet point: An appropriate restoration scheme using opportunities for habitat creation and connectivity	To recognise the opportunities arising at this site
PC106	78 of	MIDEE Koy consitivities	Povice 1 st bullet point of Koy Consitiuities to include York and Calby Cycle	To reflect that the notential
PC106	Appendix	MJP55 Key sensitivities and Development requirements	Revise 1 st bullet point of Key Sensitivities to include <u>York and Selby Cycle</u> <u>Track SINC</u>	To reflect that the potential significance of this constraint
			Revise 1 st bullet point of Development Requirements to include <u>York and</u> <u>Selby Cycle Track SINC</u>	
PC107	120 of Appendix 1	WJP06 Key sensitivities and Development requirements	Revise 1 st bullet point of Key Sensitivities to include <u>York and Selby Cycle</u> <u>Track SINC</u>	To reflect that the potential significance of this constraint
			Revise 1 st bullet point of Development Requirements to include <u>York and</u> <u>Selby Cycle Track SINC</u>	
PC108	140 of Appendix 1	1 st Column text: Estimated date of commencement	Revise this text to read: Estimated dDate of commencement	To reflect that the planning permission for this development has been implemented
PC109	140 of Appendix	2 nd Column text relating to date of commencement	Revise this text to read: By April 2017 (base on requirement for implementation specified in decision notice for planning application	To reflect that the planning permission for this development

	1		12/03385/FULM) November 2016	has been implemented
PC110	179 of	Southmoor Energy Centre	Revise plan to only show core site and principal access to the highway	To reflect the fact that there are
	Appendix	safeguarded site		proposals for other development
	2			on the former Kellingley Colliery
				site
PC111	186 of	Knapton Quarry	Revise reference to facility type to: Composting, transfer, treatment and	To more accurately reflect the
	Appendix	safeguarded site	recycling	current role of the site
	2	Facility Type		
PC112	217 of	Kellingley Colliery	Revise plan by deleting area of safeguarded site that lies outside the Plan	To correct a factual error
	Appendix	safeguarding plan	area	
	2			
PC113	Appendix	Safeguarded waste sites	Insert new safeguarded waste transfer (non-hazardous) site: Showfield	To reflect the significant role
	2		Lane, Malton	currently played by this site in the
				Ryedale area